



KEC

# K Education Centre



## AS Particle Physics

Particles and Antiparticles

Assignment Questions

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## Particles and Antiparticles :

Planck constant ,  $h = 6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js}$  Rest mass of electron =  $9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$  Rest energy of electron =  $0.511 \text{ MeV}$

Q1 : Explain the production of positrons with the help of radioactive decay.

Q2: How is annihilation different from pair production?

Q3 : Write an equation showing annihilation of a electron and a positron.

Q4 : Explain the conservation of the charge in the case of pair production if electron and positron is produced by a photon . ( Hint : Look at the charge of electron and positron )

Q5 : Calculate the number of photons produced by an laser if it produces photons with energy of  $400 \text{ m J}$  . Wavelength of photon is  $650 \text{ nm}$

Q6 : Find the rest energy of an electron if photons produced in the annihilation have a frequency of  $f_{min} = 1.24 \times 10^8 \text{ T Hz}$ . (  $1 \text{ T Hz} = 1 \times 10^{12} \text{ Hz}$  )

Q7 : In a radioactive decay of nucleus , a  $\beta^+$  particle is emitted followed by a  $\gamma$  photon of wavelength of  $8.30 \times 10^{-13} \text{ m}$  . Find the energy of the  $\gamma$  photon produced and state the rest mass of the  $\beta^+$  particle in kg.

Q8 : In an experiment a gamma ray produces an electron and positron through pair production. If the electron and positron each have kinetic energy of  $0.064 \text{ MeV}$  immediately after they are created. Calculate the wavelength of the gamma ray.